

P020. HOUSEHOLDS BY PRESENCE OF PEOPLE 65 YEARS AND OVER, HOUSEHOLD SIZE

AND HOUSEHOLD TYPE - Universe: HOUSEHOLDS

Data Set: 2002 American Community Survey Summary Tables

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <u>Survey Methodology</u>.

	Alaska		
	Estimate	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total:	225,474	221,333	229,616
Households with one or more people 65 years and over:	30,257	28,803	31,711
1-person household	9,487	7,566	11,408
2-or-more-person household:	20,770	17,907	23,633
Family households	19,668	16,878	22,458
Nonfamily households	1,102	605	1,599
Households with no people 65 years and over:	195,217	191,838	198,596
1-person households	41,003	38,205	43,801
2-or-more-person household:	154,214	150,643	157,785
Family households	141,358	136,941	145,775
Nonfamily households	12,856	10,779	14,933

Notes

The 2002 American Community Survey universe is limited to the household population and excludes the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The confidence interval computed here is a 90 percent confidence interval and can be interpreted roughly as providing 90 percent certainty that the true number falls between the lower and upper bounds.

The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.

Click on the table title to access subject characteristics and code lists related to this table.

- 1. An 1** entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '**' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.

 4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

- 5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 6. An '***' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
 7. An '*****' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test is not appropriate.